



Global Minerals Ltd. (CTG-V)

Initial Report – February 25, 2013

Global Minerals Ltd. is a Canadian mineral exploration Company focused on recommencing mining operations at its 100% owned Strieborná silver/copper deposit in Slovakia.

Strieborná has excellent infrastructure, including sufficient electrical power, railway access, paved highways and a work force experienced with underground operations.

An April 2008 NI 43-101 Technical Report on Strieborná included 1.9 million tonnes in the Measured and Indicated category grading 231.7 g/t silver, 1.1% copper, and 0.7% antimony and 1.5 million tonnes in the Inferred category grading 180.0 g/t silver, 0.9% copper and 0.7% antimony.

Due to a fund having to liquidate its position, Global's stock significantly declined the past couple of weeks giving investors an excellent opportunity to get in at these low levels.

We like the Strieborná project, as it's already well advanced with limited downside risk. Underground drilling is ongoing, metallurgical studies are advancing and a new resource estimate and Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA) are on the way.

Based on this information and our peer comparison we initiate coverage of Global Minerals with a buy recommendation and a price target of \$0.55 or 123% higher than today's 30-day average stock price.



✓ Strieborná is a well advanced project. It's located in a mining friendly country and it can be brought into production at a relatively low cost since much of the underground workings are already there.

✓ Near-term work includes metallurgical testing, process flow-sheet design, concentrate marketing and mine planning with the goal of completing a Preliminary Economic Assessment in 2013 and with the ultimate goal of entering production in late 2014 or early 2015.

✓ With a current cash position of approximately \$7 million, Global Minerals is sufficiently funded to advance to the PEA stage.



Market Data

Price	C\$0.18
Sector	Metals & Mining
52-Week Price Range	C\$0.17 - C\$0.54
Shares Issued (m)	110.82
Market Cap (m)	C\$19.95
Listings	CTG (TSX Venture) DFPN (Frankfurt)
Website	http://www.globalminerals.com

The Company

Global Minerals Ltd. is focused on the development of its 100% owned Strieborná silver/copper deposit in Slovakia.

Recent activities at the property include dewatering of the mine followed by shaft and subsurface rehabilitation. This has provided an outstanding platform to conduct underground drilling and metallurgical sampling of the mineral deposit. Engineering and economic evaluations are on-going with the ultimate goal of taking the project to production in 2014.

Our visit to the Strieborná property late 2012, was a real eye-opener as it made us realize what a unique project it really is. Although Strieborná is still in exploration stage, as drilling and metallurgy work is being conducted, it's also development stage as the former mine is being completely rehabilitated.

That's the real beauty of the project. Most of the on-surface infrastructure and underground tunnels that provide access to the silver vein have already been completed in the 1980s and 1990s when the project was owned by a state controlled company, saving Global Minerals many years of development and tens of millions of dollars.

Strieborná

Introduction

The **Strieborná** property in the Republic of Slovakia is a well defined silver/copper resource ready to be advanced to the feasibility level. It has excellent infrastructure, including sufficient electrical power, railway access, paved highways and a work force experienced with underground operations.

An April 2008 NI 43-101 technical report on the property defined a silver/copper/antimony resource which is expected to be economically significant. It included 1.9 million tonnes (Measured and Indicated) grading 231.7 g/t silver, 1.1% copper, and 0.7% antimony along with 1.5 million tonnes (Inferred) grading 280.0 g/t silver, 0.9% copper and 0.7% antimony.

The NI 43-101 resource occurs within a mineralized structure of 1.2 kilometres long, 600 metres deep and an average thickness of 3.4 metres. This is the so-called Strieborná (which translates as "Silver") vein. The resource was defined by diamond drilling and a series of four horizontal underground tunnels

totaling 3,000 metres. The mineralization is open in various directions along the vein structure. Other similar structures have been identified within the mining and exploration leases and will be the focus of future exploration drilling programs.

Category	Tonnes (000)	Ag g/t	Cu %	Ag oz (000)	Cu Lbs (000)
Measured	215	468	2.2	3,235	10,428
Indicated	1,710	202	1	11,105	37,699
M&I Total	1,925	232	1.1	14,340	48,127
Inferred	1,500	280	0.9	13,500	29,762

The Strieborná resource estimate from April 2008. The mineral resource is based on 394 channel samples taken on four levels, one raise and 10 drill hole intercepts. No cut-off grade was applied. Note that the antimony data was omitted. Source: Company Filings

The property's underground and on-surface infrastructure has been completely rehabilitated as it was abandoned in the late 1990s. Renovation and upgrading of some of the surface buildings provides sufficient office space, service and change areas. The haulage and access tunnel has been restored. And a series of underground tunnels, which provide access to the Strieborná vein, have been dewatered and refurbished.

Metallurgical test work on samples from the Strieborná vein show 90-95% recoveries for silver and copper by conventional flotation. By-product antimony, which is also found in the concentrate, can then be recovered using a hydrometallurgical process. The test work indicates this is technically feasible but the Company is likely to delay implementation of this circuit until after the start-up to save on pre-development capital. The residual concentrate, containing the silver and copper, may be sold to independent smelters after removal of mercury by simple retorting.

Global Minerals has commenced an underground drill program in October of last year to both upgrade and expand the current resource estimate. The Company is also preparing a Preliminary Economic Assessment, or PEA, which will include results from the metallurgical testing, a mine plan and a production schedule. Both the new resource estimate as well as the PEA should be finished by the second half of this year.

History

The Mária vein, which is also located on the Strieborná property, has been mined since the 14th century, making it one of the oldest known and

mined vein occurrences in the region. The Mária Mine was in operation until the end of the second World War when it became part of the state enterprise Železorzudné Bane š.p. (ŽELBA). The mine continued to be in operation under ŽELBA until the 1990s.



The Strieborná deposit is located approximately 2 km from the borders of southeastern Slovakian town Rožnava. Rožnava has been a mining town since at least the 13th century, known mostly for producing gold, silver, copper and most recently, iron ore. The town of Rožnava is home to a large mining community and has trained professional engineers, experienced miners and support contractors.

Slovakia is a republic in Central Europe bordered by the Czech Republic and Austria to the west, Poland to the north, Ukraine to the east and Hungary to the south. The country joined the European Union in 2004 and the Eurozone on 1 January 2009. Slovakia offers great advantages to foreign investors: strategic location between East and West with great export potential, the common European currency Euro and eight lowest debt of GDP in the EU27.

The country enjoys positive ratings from international rating companies and gained the best position among the CEE countries in World Bank's Doing Business Report 2008 - 2013.

The Strieborná vein itself was discovered in 1981 adjacent to the Maria vein. It was subsequently explored on four underground levels totaling over

3,000 metres in length. Underground exploration and diamond core drilling on the vein was conducted from 1982 until 1994 by the exploration branch of the Slovak Geological Survey.

A resource estimate, reported by the Slovak Geological Survey, was verified and confirmed by London-based CMX Resources Limited (CMX) in 1994. The program involved detailed geological mapping of the underground workings, structural and mineralogical studies and verification sampling.

After CMX stopped its exploration activities, all underground workings were flooded and the on-surface infrastructure was abandoned. This was mainly because the transition from a communist to a market economy created a lot of confusion and uncertainty in Slovakia and because it was a time of very depressed metal prices. Silver prices, for example, hovered around \$5 per ounce.

In 2007, Global Minerals gained control over the Strieborná property and contracted AMC Consultants (AMC) to prepare a NI 43-101 Technical Report based on the following information and data:

- Results of underground exploration and diamond core drilling on the Strieborná vein conducted by the Slovak Geological Survey from 1981 until 1994;
- Results of the verification program conducted by CMX Resources Limited in 1994; and
- Reports on structural geology, geochemistry, mineralogy, hydrogeology, historical resource estimates, metallurgical test work, and on mining and economic studies generated by the Geological Survey.

The Technical Report confirmed the above mentioned resource estimate. The author of the report furthermore recommended that Global continued its efforts to dewater and refurbish all underground workings dating from the communist era, which the Company did. (see 'Mine Rehabilitation' below)

In March of 2011, Global Minerals conducted a drill program from surface, designed to re-confirm high grade mineralization in the upper portion of the Strieborná vein. The goal was to test for extensions along strike and to test known parallel veins. This target area was not included in the NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate from AMC.

Six holes, totaling 1,703 metres, were drilled and showed promising results consistent with previous underground sample data.

Hole Number	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Grade Au g/t	Grade Ag g/t	Grade Cu %
GMB-02	234.7	241.7	7.0	0.147	345.0	1.31
GMB-03	239.0	243.95	4.95	0.098	235.6	1.06
GMB-04	230.0	243.0	13.0	0.246	500.9	1.85

Highlights of the holes that intercepted the Strieborná vein. Holes GMB-01, GMC-01 and GMC-02 did not hit any mineralization. Source: Company press release.

Mine Rehabilitation

In 2010, an infrastructure rehabilitation program was initiated to again obtain underground access to the Strieborná vein. Surface facilities were updated and inspected including the electrical room along with connection to local grid power. A 1,600 meter haulage and access tunnel was fully restored. The hoisting mechanism, to get people and equipment up and down the shaft, was also restored.

Additionally, the compressor room, water treatment plant, mine water discharge lines, and general rehabilitation of office and other on-site facilities were completed. Finally, safety and security systems were installed in accordance with the mining code.



Renovation and upgrading of some of the surface buildings provides sufficient office space, service and change areas.

The dewatering and refurbishing of the underground tunnels has progressed well. The water has been drained down to Level 8, located approximately 280 metres below surface. At this moment, the mine won't be dewatered deeper, as all the work which needs to be conducted in the next few quarters can be done from the cleared levels.

➔ Also see image of longitudinal section of underground workings at Strieborná on page 9.

Metallurgical Studies

Global Minerals has already conducted a whole series of metallurgical tests to assess the most

commercially beneficial method to produce silver/copper concentrates for sale to custom smelters. Results will be included in an upcoming Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA).

Current metallurgical and engineering studies also focus on the downstream processing and recovery of antimony, mercury and arsenic which are found in the concentrate. This is necessary because the level of mercury in the concentrates is too high for smelters to accept the concentrate as is. In the case of antimony and arsenic, smelters will accept the concentrate, but will charge a penalty to Global.

Metallurgical samples, composed of material collected from the spring 2011 drill program were subjected to conceptual level grindability and flotation studies at SGS and Blue Coast Research. Tests on the collected samples demonstrated that a conventional, low cost flotation process would yield a high grade silver/copper concentrate with as much as 5,800 grams silver per tonne (186 tr. ounces per ton) and 25% copper at recoveries of 94% for silver and 96% for copper. Ongoing tests aim to improve the concentrate's recovery grades.

A simple mineral recovery process is being considered. Each starts with simple flotation concentration to recover the primary silver/copper bearing minerals. Downstream processing of these concentrates may include the leaching of the concentrates to recover contained antimony and produce it as a marketable co-product although it is likely that this option will be delayed until after initial start-up. The process also includes fuming of the concentrates to safely eliminate mercury prior to shipment to the smelter. A series of experimental tests, by which the concentrate was treated to volatilize the mercury, resulted in a 99.9% elimination of mercury from the material.

Further testing to provide design parameters for an economic assessment is now on-going under the supervision of Global and Blue Coast.

Underground Drill Program

Late October 2012, Global commenced the first phase of an underground drill campaign from Level 6 (about 180 metres below surface).

The drill program has several objectives. First, it aims to both expand and to upgrade the current resource from the Inferred category to the Measured and Indicated categories. Furthermore, it intends to define the upper limits of the deposit as well as the grade and continuity of the silver resource in this

area. This is important as it will determine where the first actual mining will take place.

Roughly 35 holes, totaling 5,000 metres, are planned from two drill sites on Level 6 aimed at the Strieborná vein. This is a significant amount, knowing that only about 12 holes were drilled during the communist era. The top of the vein commences approximately 35-50 meters below Level 6.



Underground drilling activities from Level 6, approximately 180 metres below surface, aiming at the Strieborná silver vein.

A couple of weeks ago analytic results for the first eight holes were announced. All eight holes intersected the Strieborná vein with highlights including 7.12 metres of 297 g/t Ag in hole STR-06-12-006 and 7.52 metres of 156 g/t Ag in hole STR-06-12-005.

Hole Number	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Ag Grade (g/t)	Cu Grade (%)
STR-1	125.8	127.9	2.15	289.0	1.22
STR-2	124.5	127.5	2.95	233.8	0.99
STR-3	148.1	148.5	0.45	1,420.0	11.25
STR-4	149.1	151.3	2.15	no sign.	intervals
STR-5	122.9	124.9	2.05	28.3	0.21
STR-6	138.0	145.5	7.52	156.1	0.61
STR-7	142.5	149.6	7.12	297.1	1.21
STR-8	132.6	140.3	7.65	41.2	0.16

Strieborná underground drill results. Source: Company Press Release

Drilling continues from Level 6 and drill results will be published as they become available from the lab.

All the analytic results from the drill campaign will be included in a new resource estimate, which is expected in the third quarter of 2013. Although the property, in addition to the Strieborná vein, includes several parallel veins and similar structures which

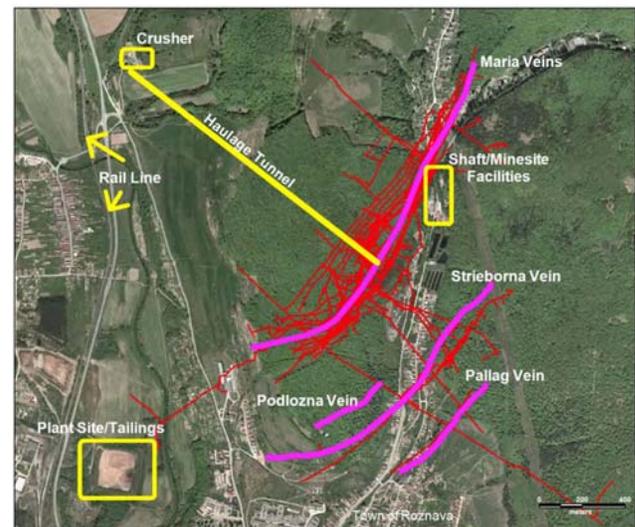
are known to be mineralized, they won't be targeted in this drill campaign.

➔ **Also see cross section of the entire Strieborná underground as it's known today on page 9.**

Expansion Potential

Although the Strieborná vein already hosts a very nice resource, the entire property has a lot more upside potential.

There are four known veins parallel to the Strieborná and Maria vein, of which the Pallaq and Podlozna veins are best known.



Satellite image of the Strieborná property with the Maria, Strieborná, Pallaq and Podlozna veins highlighted.

Moreover, next to the actual Strieborná vein, the 135 square kilometer exploration block hosts a couple of other attractive prospects. Regional exploration activity has focused on the Paca area, 3 kilometers southeast of the Strieborná vein system, and the historic Cucma gold/antimony district approximately 4-5 km northeast of Strieborná.

The Cucma region is an historic gold district with limited production dating back to medieval times. While the Paca area contains a potential buried vein system, which may be analogous to the Strieborná system, based on geophysical data obtained during the recent exploration program.

During the 2011 field season, the Company identified several potential surface drill targets in each of these areas based on the use of geochemical and geophysical prospecting methods including mercury spectrometry of surface soils,

resistivity and induced polarization geophysical methods.

At this moment, the Company doesn't feel an urgency to explore these targets further as it wants to start generating cash flow first. It's good to know though that there are 90 known vein occurrences and nearby drill targets on the exploration concessions.

Upcoming Milestones

The Strieborná property is swirling with activity. About 50 people work on site in multiple shifts. Drilling from Level 6 is ongoing and a second platform is being prepared. All the analytic results from the current drill campaign will be included in a new resource estimate, which is expected in the third quarter of 2013.

Global Minerals has also contracted AGP Mining Consultants Inc. (AGP) to begin a series of engineering trade-off studies to evaluate various development scenarios for the project. The studies will evaluate underground mining scenarios and processing alternatives that include floating a high-grade silver-copper concentrate that could be sold to custom smelters.

The goal is to also incorporate existing infrastructure including the recently rehabilitated inclined shaft and 1.6 km haulage tunnel along with other possible ramp or shaft scenarios. Results from these studies should be instrumental in testing the economics of the project and ultimately be incorporated into future development studies.

These results, along with the results of on-going metallurgical testing, process flow-sheet design and concentrate marketing will be included in the Preliminary Economic Assessment, which is expected late 2013.

Financials

The Company incurred a loss of \$2,352,564 during the three months ended September 30, 2012, a difference of \$238,407 compared to the loss of \$2,114,157 incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2011.

The slightly higher loss can be attributed to higher exploration expenses due to mine rehabilitation and dewatering, and higher share based compensation. Note that Global Minerals' fiscal year ends June 30.

Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2012

Global Minerals has a cash rich balance sheet thanks to a March 2012 private placement, in which the Company issued 27,777,556 units at a price of \$0.45 per unit for gross proceeds of \$12.5 million.

Amounts in \$000's	09/30/12	09/30/11
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,896	3,951
Receivables	1,194	312
Property, Plant & Equipment	1,973	387
Mineral Property	2,009	2,048
Total Assets	15,572	7,852
Accounts Payable & Accrued Liabilities	546	361
Total Liabilities	618	427
Total Stockholder Equity	14,954	7,426
Most important balance sheet data for the periods ending September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011. Source: Company Filings		

Today, Global Minerals' cash position is approximately \$7 million, which is sufficient to take the Company to the PEA stage.

Outlook & Valuation

Global Minerals Ltd. owns 100% of Strieborná, a silver/copper/antimony property located near the mining town of Rožnava in Slovakia.

The project has excellent infrastructure, including power, railway access, paved highways and a work force experienced with underground operations. Global Minerals has also acquired 135 sq. km of exploration concessions in the contiguous region that hosts four known under-explored veins.

The property has an NI 43-101 compliant resource which includes 1.9 million tonnes (Measured and Indicated) grading 231.7 g/t silver, 1.1% copper, and 0.7% antimony and 1.5 million tonnes (Inferred) grading 280.0 g/t silver, 0.9% copper and 0.7% antimony. The mineralization is open in various directions along the vein structure.

The Company believes the Strieborná vein has enough resources for 8 to 10 plus years of mining, and it considers this little explored region to have excellent prospect potential.

A current drill program aims to both expand and upgrade the current resource from the Inferred

category to the Measured and Indicated categories. Furthermore, it intends to define the upper limits of the deposit as well as the grade and continuity of the silver resource.

These drill results, ongoing engineering studies, along with the results of metallurgical testing, process flow-sheet design and concentrate marketing will be included in a Preliminary Economic Assessment, which is expected in the second half of 2013.

We keep our faith in the commodities markets as prices remain high, making mining activities highly profitable. Although there may be some speculation in the metals market, we believe that the gradual rise, over the past 8 years indicates this is a solid trend that won't see a strong reversal any time soon.

Peer Comparison

In order to determine Global Minerals' fair value, we've compared it with four other companies. In order to make a balanced comparison, we've used companies with gold/silver properties located across the globe which have an NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate.

Dalradian Resources Inc. (DNA: TO) is an exploration company with a European focus. Its most advanced property is the high-grade mesothermal gold deposit, Curraghinalt in Northern Ireland. In Norway, Dalradian holds mineral rights of approximately 1.3 million hectares over three greenstone belts, as well as an area hosting an historic silver mining district.

Orko Silver Corp. (OK: TSX) owns a 100% interest in the La Preciosa Project that covers 80,000 acres of contiguous mining claims in Durango State, a historically prolific silver mining region located along the Sierra Madre Occidental Mountains.

Oromin Explorations Ltd. (OLE: TO) engages in the acquisition, exploration, and development of mineral properties. Its main focus is on the 34.5% interest it owns in the OJVG gold project located in the Republic of Senegal in west Africa.

SilverCrest Mines Inc. (SVL: TSX) owns a 100% interest in the Santa Elena Mine, which is located 150 km northeast of Hermosillo, in the State of Sonora, Mexico. Its other advanced mines in Mexico are Cruz De Mayo and La Joya. SilverCrest has a NI 43-101 resource estimate for Santa Elena and Cruz De Mayo and commenced production at Santa Elena in 2011.

We've used the Enterprise Value / Gold Equivalent to compare the companies. This ratio is a measure of a company's market capitalization relative to its total estimated gold equivalent in the ground. We also took into account the volatility in stock price by using the 30-day average closing price.

Company	Stock Price	EV (M)	Gold Eq Oz (M)	EV/Resource
Dalradian	1.34	90.92	2.70	33.68
Orko Silver	2.27	287.14	4.61	62.25
Oromin	0.78	105.72	1.61	65.69
SilverCrest	2.60	182.93	3.53	51.80
Average				53.36
Global M.	0.25	16.62	0.70	23.83

Enterprise Value per Gold Equivalent resource comparison for Global Minerals and four of its peers. Source: Filings from each company and Smallcaps.us calculations.

Note that in the table above the gold equivalent has been calculated using the following prices: gold \$1,600/troy oz, silver \$30.00/troy oz and copper \$3.60/lb. Values have not been adjusted for metallurgical recoveries. The potential sale of antimony was not taken into consideration for this calculation.

Valuation

What the table above shows is that for Global Minerals each ounce of gold equivalent in the ground is valued at \$23.83.

At the same time, the market gives Orko Silver a valuation of \$62.25 per ounce of gold equivalent in the ground it owns, or 160% higher compared with Global. For SilverCrest Mines the market assigns a value of \$51.80 per ounce of gold equivalent, or more than double Global's value. Dalradian's gold resource is valued at \$33.68 per ounce of gold equivalent in the ground. Much lower than the other companies, but nevertheless still 40 percent higher than Global's.

The average Enterprise Value / Gold Equivalent for the four peers is \$53.36. Using this number, we conclude that Global Minerals is 123% undervalued compared with its peers.

Based on these calculations, the fact that Strieborná has a well developed underground infrastructure, that Global aims to commence production next year and that it has a good cash position, we initiate coverage of the Company

with a buy recommendation and a price target of \$0.55 or 123% higher than today's 30-day average stock price.

Share Data & Ownership

Global Minerals has close to 111 million common shares issued and outstanding. Additionally, it has 4,700,833 stock options outstanding with exercise prices ranging between \$0.40 and \$0.56 per option, which expire from May 14, 2014 through to July 18, 2017.

Type of Securities	Number of Securities
Common shares	110,823,936
Options	6,426,000
Warrants	16,669,846
Outstanding shares, warrants and options for Global Minerals Ltd. as of November 21, 2012. Source: Company Filings	

Also, the Company has 31,587,123 common share purchase warrants outstanding with exercise prices ranging from \$0.55 to \$0.75 per warrant. Of these warrants, 28,853,028 expire on March 22, 2014.

In October and November of 2010, Esperanza Resources (EPZ: TSX) acquired a strategic interest in Global Minerals for a total investment of approximately \$2.9 million. In October 2011, Esperanza made an additional investment in the Company by exercising all of its share purchase warrants at a price of \$0.55 for a total investment of \$1,143,973. And in March of last year, Esperanza again participated for \$1.5 million in a private placement of Global. As a result, Esperanza now owns close to 28.91 million common shares of Global Minerals, making it its the largest shareholder.

Other large shareholders are Geologic Resource Partners LLP and Sprott Group.

Management

➤ William Pincus - President and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Pincus has over 30 years of industry experience. He became the CEO of Global Minerals Ltd. in August 2011 and he's also the Chairman of Esperanza Resources (EPZ-V). Previously Mr. Pincus was Vice President of Sunshine Mining Company, overseeing the development of the 155-

million-ounce Pirquitas silver deposit, and Executive Vice President of the mining consulting firm, Pincock, Allen and Holt. Prior experience include both FMC Gold (now Meridian Gold) and Atlas Corporation where he was involved in the successful exploration and acquisition of various precious metal projects. He is a Certified Professional Geologist.

➤ William Bond - V.P. Exploration

Mr. Bond has been involved with precious metals exploration and production for 30 years, previously as Mines Operations Geologist for Homestake Mining Company, Chief Geologist for Asamera Minerals (U.S.) Inc., Chief Geologist for Sunshine Precious Metals, Inc., and Vice President of Exploration for Sunshine Mining & Refining Company. Mr. Bond was instrumental in the discovery and exploration of several major deposits including the 30-million-ounce West Chance silver deposit at the Sunshine Mine, the 155-million-ounce Pirquitas deposit and a multi-million-ounce gold deposit in Argentina. He is currently the V.P. of Exploration of Esperanza Resources. He is a Certified Professional Geologist.

➤ Martin Zahorec - Country Manager Slovakia

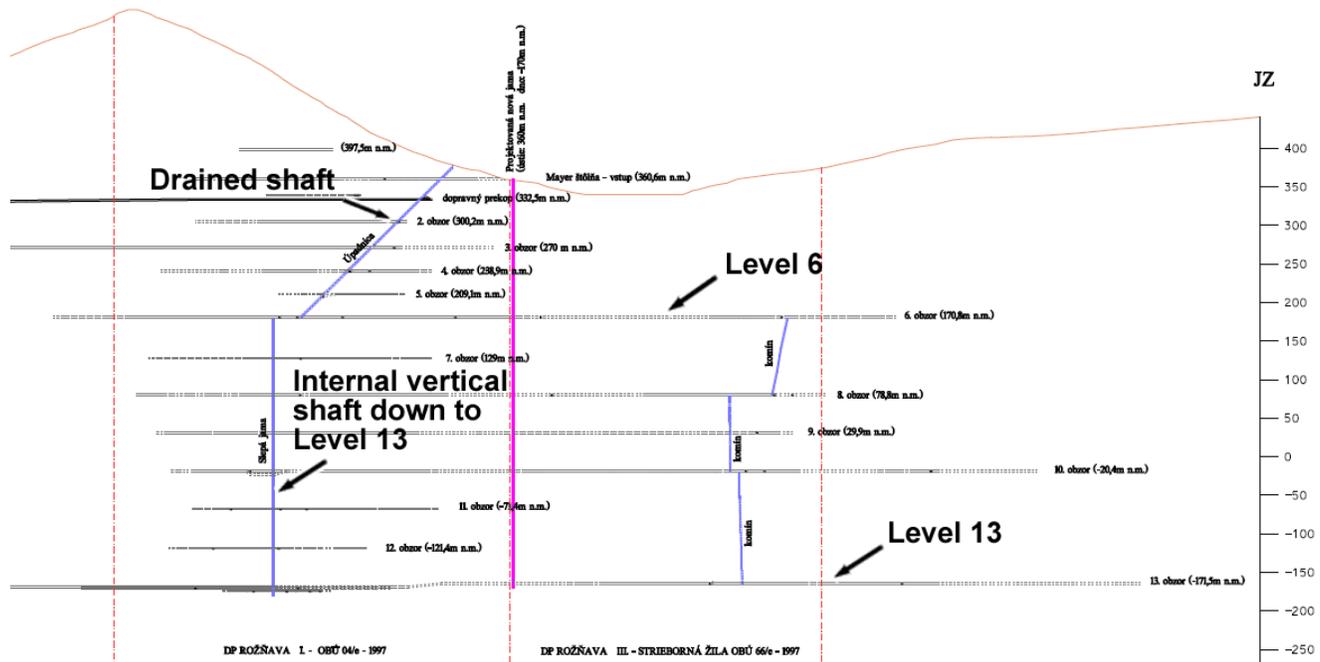
Mr. Zahorec has over 20 years of geology, project management and IT experience on projects in North America, Central and South America and Eastern Europe, as a consultant to numerous mining and exploration companies. He is a graduate in geology from Comenius University in Bratislava, Slovakia.

➤ Keith Droste - Senior Consultant

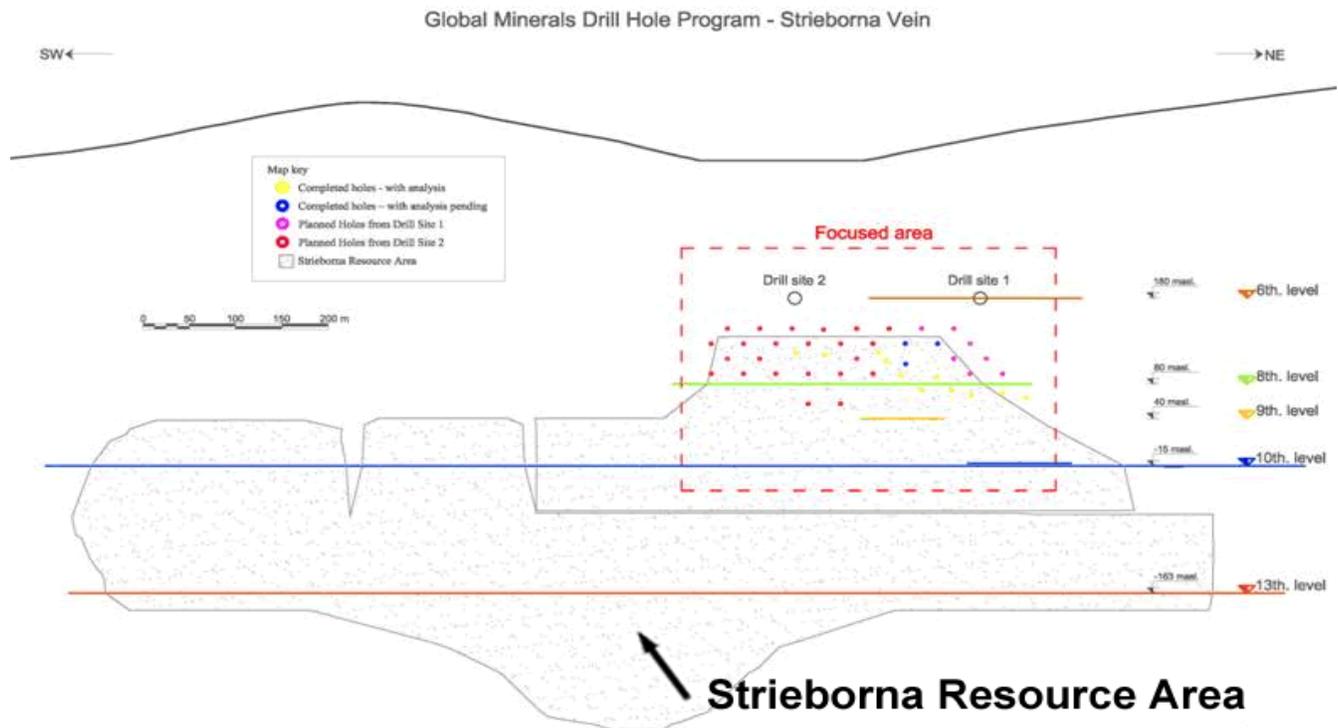
Mr. Droste has held senior operational and executive positions in various mining operations in the US, South America and elsewhere. He has extensive experience in the development and operation of underground mines, many with characteristics similar to those found at Strieborná.

➤ Ann Fehr - Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ann Fehr is a certified general accountant with over 13 years experience in senior management. She has extensive experience providing financial management services and business planning for growing companies. She has worked in the mining sector since 2007 and is well versed in the corporate governance and regulatory financial reporting for publicly traded companies. She has a strong project management and construction background which was developed during her 8 years in the real estate industry.



Longitudinal section of underground workings at Strieborná. The mine has now been dewatered to Level 8 (280m below surface).



Cross section of the entire Strieborná underground as it's known today. Notice the vast mineralized vein structure.



TSX Venture Exchange: CTG

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